

**1. Which of the following is true?**

- A. If  $A \cup B = A$  then  $B \subseteq A$ .
- B. If  $A \cap B = \emptyset$  then  $A = B = \emptyset$ .
- C. If  $A \cup B = U$  then  $A$  or  $B$  is  $U$ .
- D. If  $A \cup B = U$  then  $A \cap B = \emptyset$ .
- E. Both A and C are correct.
- F. None of the above.

**2. Let  $f = \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbf{R} \times \mathbf{R} \mid y = \frac{|x-1|}{x-1} \right\}$ . Which of the following is true?**

- A.  $D_f = \mathbf{R}$  ;  $R_f = \mathbf{R}$
- B.  $D_f = \mathbf{R} - \{1\}$  ;  $R_f = \{1, -1\}$
- C.  $D_f = \mathbf{R} - \{1\}$  ;  $R_f = \mathbf{R}$
- D.  $D_f = \mathbf{R}$  ;  $R_f = \{1, -1\}$
- E.  $D_f = \mathbf{R} - \{0\}$  ;  $R_f = \mathbf{R}$
- F. None of the above

**3. Let  $|2x^2 - x - 3| = 3 + x - 2x^2$ . Find the value of  $x$ .**

- A.  $\left[ \frac{-3}{2}, 1 \right]$
- B.  $\left[ -1, \frac{3}{2} \right]$
- C.  $\left( -1, \frac{3}{2} \right)$
- D.  $\left[ \frac{3}{2}, 1 \right]$
- E.  $\left[ -1, \frac{3}{2} \right)$
- F. None of the above

**4. Solve  $\log_3(4x-7) = 2$ .**

- A.  $x = 9$
- B.  $x = 16$
- C.  $x = 0.5$
- D.  $x = 6$
- E.  $x = 4$
- F. None of the above

5. Solve the inequality  $|2x - 5| > 3$ .

- |                                          |                   |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| A. [1, 4]                                | B. $(-\infty, 1)$ |
| C. $\{x \mid x < 1 \text{ or } x > 4\}$  | D. $(4, \infty)$  |
| E. $\{x \mid x < -1 \text{ or } x > 4\}$ | F. $(1, 4)$       |

6. How many times does the graph of  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 12$  intersect the  $x$ -axis?

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| A. 0 | B. 1 |
| C. 2 | D. 3 |
| E. 4 | F. 5 |

7. Let  $f(x) = 2x + 3$ . If  $\int_{-1}^5 f(x) dx = 2f(\theta)$ , then  $(\theta)$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| A. 7  | B. 9  |
| C. 11 | D. 13 |
| E. 15 | F. 17 |

8. Find the distance between the points (-2, 1) and (2, 3).

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|----------------|----------------|
| A. $4\sqrt{2}$ | B. $5\sqrt{2}$ |
| C. $2\sqrt{5}$ | D. $\sqrt{5}$  |
| E. 4           | F. 2           |

9. For the function defined by  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$ , evaluate  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ .

- |                              |
|------------------------------|
| A. $\frac{2(x+h)^2 - 3x}{h}$ |
| B. $4x + 2h - 3$             |
| C. $4xh + 2h^2 - 3h$         |
| D. $2h^2 - 3\frac{x}{h}$     |
| E. $2x^2 - 3x$               |
| F. None of the above.        |

**10. Find the domain of a function  $h(t) = \sqrt{4 - 3t}$ .**

- |                                         |                                        |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| A. $\left[-\frac{4}{3}, \infty\right)$  | B. $\left[\frac{4}{3}, \infty\right)$  |
| C. $\left(-\infty, -\frac{4}{3}\right]$ | D. $\left(-\infty, \frac{4}{3}\right]$ |
| E. $(-\infty, \infty)$                  | F. None of the above                   |

**11. Find the sum of  $\sum_{k=1}^{100} 2k$ .**

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. 10,050 | B. 5,000  |
| C. 5,050  | D. 20,100 |
| E. 10,000 | F. 10,100 |

**12. Of the following, which is greater than  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?**

- |                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| A. $\frac{2}{5}$  | B. $\frac{4}{7}$     |
| C. $\frac{4}{9}$  | D. $\frac{5}{11}$    |
| E. $\frac{6}{13}$ | F. None of the above |

**13. If  $x^2 - y^2 = 55$  and  $x - y = 11$ , then  $y = ?$**

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| A. 8  | B. 5  |
| C. 3  | D. -8 |
| E. -3 | F. -5 |

**14. Which inequality below is true?**

- |                                    |
|------------------------------------|
| A. $2^{1000} < 3^{600} < 10^{300}$ |
| B. $3^{600} < 2^{1000} < 10^{300}$ |
| C. $3^{600} < 10^{300} < 2^{1000}$ |
| D. $10^{300} < 2^{1000} < 3^{600}$ |
| E. $10^{300} < 3^{600} < 2^{1000}$ |
| F. None                            |

- 15.** If  $\tan(\arccos x) = \sqrt{3}$ , find  $x \cos(\arccos x/2)$ .
- A.  $\sqrt{3}/8$       B.  $\sqrt{3}/4$   
 C.  $\sqrt{3}/2$       D.  $\sqrt{3}$   
 E.  $2\sqrt{3}$       F. None of these
- 16.** Let  $f(x) = \sin(x)$ , compute  $\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x)^2 dx$ .
- A. -1      B. -0.5  
 C. 0      D. 0.5  
 E. 1      F. None of the above
- 17.** Let  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ , and find  $x^2 + y^2$ .
- A. 25      B. 20  
 C. 13      D. 5  
 E. 4      F. 2
- 18.** Evaluate  $\frac{x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x - 5}{x^2 - x + 1}$
- A.  $x^2 - 4x - 5 + \frac{3x - 10}{x^2 - x + 1}$       B.  $\frac{x^2 - 4x - 5}{x^2 - x + 1} + 3x - 10$   
 C.  $x^2 + 2x + 3$       D.  $\frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 - x + 1} + x - 2$   
 E.  $x^2 - 2x - 3 + \frac{x - 2}{x^2 - x + 1}$       F. None of the above
- 19.** Which term of the following equals to  $\left( \frac{x^{-3}}{3y^{-1}} \right)^{-2}$  if  $x \neq 0$  and  $y \neq 0$ ?
- A.  $\frac{x^5}{9y^3}$       B.  $\frac{x^9}{9y^2}$   
 C.  $\frac{9x^5}{y^3}$       D.  $\frac{9x^6}{y^2}$   
 E.  $\frac{x^6}{9y^2}$       F. None of the above

- 20. Evaluate**  $\frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^3 + x} \times \frac{4x^2 + 4}{x^2 + x - 2}$ .
- A.  $\frac{4(x-2)}{x(x+1)}$ ,  $x \neq -1, 0, 2$       B.  $\frac{4(x-1)}{x(x+2)}$ ,  $x \neq -2, 0, 1$   
C.  $\frac{4(x-1)}{x(x-2)}$ ,  $x \neq -2, -1, 0$       D.  $\frac{4(x+1)}{x(x+2)}$ ,  $x \neq -2, -1, 0$   
E.  $\frac{4(x+1)}{x(x-2)}$ ,  $x \neq -1, 0, 2$       F. None of the above
- 21. Solve the inequality**  $-5 < 3x - 2 < 1$ .
- A.  $\{x | -3 < x < 1\}$       B.  $\{x | -1 < x < 3\}$   
C.  $\{x | -3 \leq x \leq 3\}$       D.  $\{x | -1 \leq x \leq 1\}$   
E.  $\{x | -3 < x < 3\}$       F.  $\{x | -1 < x < 1\}$
- 22. Find an equation of the line that contains the point  $(1, -2)$  and is perpendicular to the line  $x + 3y = 6$**
- A.  $y = 3x - 5$       B.  $y = -3x - 5$   
C.  $y = 3x - 2$       D.  $y = -3x - 2$   
E.  $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 2$       F.  $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 2$
- 23. What are the values of  $i^{27}$  and  $i^{101}$ ?**
- A.  $i$  and 1      B. 1 and  $-i$   
C.  $-i$  and  $i$       D.  $i$  and  $-i$   
E.  $-i$  and  $-i$       F.  $i$  and  $i$
- 24. Suppose that  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3$  and  $g(x) = 4x$ . Find  $(g \circ f)(1)$ .**
- A. 29      B. -1  
C. -16      D. 47  
E. -4      F. 0

**25.** Solve  $e^{-x^2} = (e^x)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{e^3}$ .

- A.  $x = 0$  or  $x = 1$       B.  $x = -3$  or  $x = 1$   
C.  $x = 3$  or  $x = -1$       D.  $x = 0$  or  $x = -1$   
E.  $x = 1$  or  $x = -1$       F. None of the above

**26.** Find the exact value of  $\log_3 \frac{1}{27}$ .

- A.  $\sqrt{3}$       B.  $-\sqrt{3}$   
C. 9      D. -9  
E. 3      F. -3

**27.** Find the value of the 3 by 3 determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & 6 & 2 \\ 8 & -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

- A. 106      B. 138  
C. 26      D. 132  
E. 82      F. -14

**28.** Solve the following system of equations:  $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 13 \\ x^2 - y = 7 \end{cases}$

- A.  $y = -3$  or  $y = 2$   
B.  $y = -2$  or  $y = 2$   
C.  $y = -2$  or  $y = 3$   
D.  $y = -1$  or  $y = 1$   
E.  $y = -2$  or  $y = -3$   
F. None of the above

- 29. How many different vertical arrangements can be made from 8 flags, if 4 are white, 3 are blue, and 1 is red?**

- A. 96 different arrangements
- B. 144 different arrangements
- C. 280 different arrangements
- D. 24 different arrangements
- E. 48 different arrangements
- F. 336 different arrangements

- 30. If  $2x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$  can be written in the form of  $(x-a)(2x-b)(x-c) = 0$ .**

**Find the value of  $abc$ .**

- A. -6
- B. -5
- C. 5
- D. 6
- E. 0
- F. None of the above

- 31. Let  $-4 < x^2 - 5x < 36$  Which of the following is the set of the solution?**

- A.  $(-\infty, 1) \cup (9, \infty)$
- B.  $(-4, 1) \cup (4, 9)$
- C.  $(-4, 1) \cup (1, 4)$
- D.  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (9, \infty)$
- E.  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (1, 9)$
- F. None of the above

- 32. Let  $(f + g)(x) = 2x + 1$  and  $(f - g)(x) = 3 - 4x$ . Find  $(f \cdot g)(x)$ .**

- A.  $x^2 - 7x + 6$
- B.  $-x^2 - 7x + 6$
- C.  $3x^2 - 7x + 2$
- D.  $x^2 + 7x - 6$
- E.  $3x^2 + 7x - 2$
- F.  $-3x^2 + 7x - 2$

33. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $g(x) = x - 3$ . Which of the following is true?

- A.  $(g \circ f)(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$       B.  $(f \circ g)(x) = (g \circ f)(x)$   
C.  $D_{g \circ f} = [0, \infty)$       D.  $D_{f \circ g} = (-3, \infty)$   
E. C and D are correct      F. None of the above

34. Let  $f(x) = 2x + 3$ . If  $\int_{-1}^5 f(x)dx = 2f(\theta)$ , then  $\theta$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. 7      B. 9  
C. 11      D. 13  
E. 15      F. 17

35. The function of  $f$  is defined as  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+1 & \text{if } -1 \leq x < 1 \\ 2 & \text{if } x=1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

Determine the domain of  $f$ .

- A.  $\{x | x \geq 1\}$       B.  $\{x | x \leq -1\}$   
C.  $\{x | x \leq 1\}$       D.  $\{x | x \geq 0\}$   
E.  $\{x | x \geq -1\}$       F.  $\{x | -1 \leq x < 1\}$

36. Find a unit vector in the same direction as  $\mathbf{v} = 4\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$ .

- A.  $\frac{4}{5}\mathbf{i} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{j}$       B.  $\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{i} + \frac{4}{5}\mathbf{j}$   
C.  $\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{i} - \frac{4}{5}\mathbf{j}$       D.  $\frac{4}{5}\mathbf{i}$   
E.  $-\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{j}$       F.  $\frac{4}{5}\mathbf{i} - \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{j}$

37. If.  $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$ , find  $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}$ .

- A. 1      B.  $\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$   
C.  $-\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$       D.  $-\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$   
E.  $-\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$       F.  $-\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

**38.** Find the sum of  $\sum_{k=1}^4 (k^2 - 7k + 2)$ .

- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| A. -10 | B. -16 |
| C. -84 | D. -48 |
| E. -96 | F. -32 |

**39.** Assuming equally likely outcomes, calculate the probability of a 3 child family to have 2 boys and 1 girl.

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|------------------|----------------------|
| A. $\frac{1}{3}$ | B. $\frac{1}{8}$     |
| C. $\frac{1}{2}$ | D. $\frac{5}{8}$     |
| E. $\frac{3}{8}$ | F. None of the above |

**40.** Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{4-x^2}{x^4-16}$ .

- |                  |                          |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| A. $\frac{1}{8}$ | B. $-\frac{1}{8}$        |
| C. -8            | D. -16                   |
| E. 16            | F. limit does not exist. |

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